

Neutrino masses in RPV models with extra pairs of Higgs doublets



[arXiv:1401.1818](https://arxiv.org/abs/1401.1818)
work in collaboration with Y. Grossman

Joint Particle Seminar, UC Irvine

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Outline

- Motivation for the model
 - why supersymmetry?
 - why RPV?
 - why neutrinos?
 - why extra pairs of Higgs doublets?
- Neutrinos in RPV models: tree level contribution
 - bounds on small RPV
 - contributions to the mass matrix
- Neutrinos in RPV models: loop level
 - small RPV
 - possible new effects
- Conclusions

NEUTRINO MASSES

SUSY

with

R-parity violation

and

extra pairs of Higgs doublets

Why SUSY?

Standard model is NOT the theory of everything

Cannot account for gravity, neutrino masses...

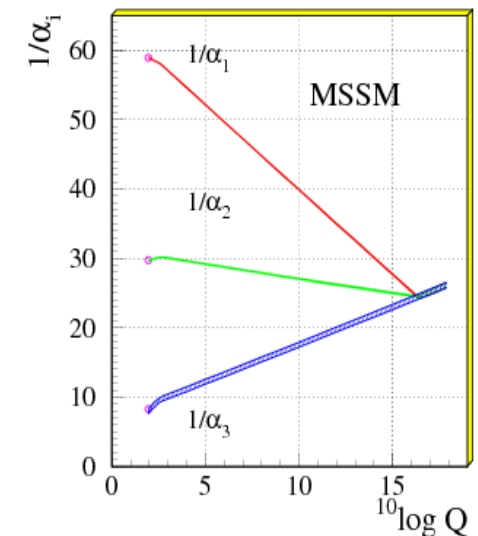
The mass of the Higgs is UV sensitive: $m_H^2 \approx \frac{\Lambda_{NP}^2}{16\pi^2}$

SUPERSYMMETRY

no UV sensitivity \longrightarrow scalar masses protected
mass of the Higgs boson arises naturally


Other benefits: unification of couplings, string theory...

Simplest models should have been/be detected at LHC!



SUSY @ LHC

MSSM: $m_H^2 \approx m_Z^2 + \text{loop corrections}$ $m_{\tilde{t}} \approx 400 \text{ GeV}$, $m_{\tilde{g}} \approx 800 \text{ GeV}$, $m_{\tilde{W}} \approx 1 \text{ TeV}$

 size of tree level!

SUSY @ LHC

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: Moriond 2014

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (4.6 - 22.9) \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad \sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$$

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Mass limit	Reference	
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} 1.7 TeV	$m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{g})$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	$a\gamma m(\tilde{g})$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.1 TeV	$a\gamma m(\tilde{g})$ 1308.1841
	$q\bar{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{q} 740 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-047
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qqW^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	3-6 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.18 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)<200 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}^\pm)=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-062
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow qq(\ell\ell)/\ell\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20.	\tilde{g} 1.12 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-089
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	2 e, μ	2-4 jets	Yes	4.	\tilde{g} 1.24 TeV	$\tan\beta<15$ 1208.4688
	GMSB ($\tilde{\ell}$ NLSP)	1-2 τ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.4 TeV	$\tan\beta>18$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-026
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.28 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>50 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2014-001
	GGM (wino NLSP)	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	4.	\tilde{g} 619 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>50 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-144
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	4.	\tilde{g} 900 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>220 \text{ GeV}$ 1211.1167
GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	0-3 jets	Yes	5.	\tilde{g} 690 GeV	$m(\tilde{H})>200 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-152	
Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.	$F^{1/2}$ scale 645 GeV	$m(\tilde{g})>10^{-4} \text{ eV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-147	
3 rd gen. \tilde{g} med.	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<600 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-061
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<350 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.1841
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.34 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<400 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-061
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{t}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{g} 1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<300 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-061
3 rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{b}_1 100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<90 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.2631
	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{b}_1 275-430 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=2 m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-007
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (light), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.	\tilde{t}_1 110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=55 \text{ GeV}$ 1208.4305, 1209.2102
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (light), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{t}_1 130-210 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(W)-50 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{t}_1)<m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)$ 1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (medium), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	2 jets	Yes	20.	\tilde{t}_1 215-530 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=1 \text{ GeV}$ 1403.4853
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (medium), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	0	2 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{t}_1 150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=5 \text{ GeV}$ 1308.2631
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (heavy), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	1 e, μ	1 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{t}_1 200-610 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-037
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (heavy), $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{t}_1 320-660 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-024
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.	\tilde{t}_1 90-200 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<85 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-068
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)	2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{t}_1 150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>150 \text{ GeV}$ 1403.5222
	$\tilde{t}_2\tilde{t}_2, \tilde{t}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.	\tilde{t}_2 290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)<200 \text{ GeV}$ 1403.5222
	EW direct	$\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}\tilde{\ell}_{L,R}, \tilde{\ell} \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.	$\tilde{\ell}$ 90-325 GeV
$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}\nu(\tilde{\nu})$		2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 140-465 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ 1403.5294
$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}\nu(\tilde{\nu})$		2 τ	-	Yes	20.	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 180-330 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0 \text{ GeV}, m(\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-028
$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\ell}_L\nu\tilde{\ell}_L(\tilde{\nu}), \tilde{\ell}\tilde{\nu}\tilde{\ell}_L(\tilde{\nu}\nu)$		3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 700 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{\nu})=0.5(m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)+m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0))$ 1402.7029
$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 Z$		2-3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 420 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$, sleptons decoupled 1403.5294, 1402.7029
$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \mu\tilde{\chi}_1^0$		1 e, μ	2 b	Yes	20.	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ 285 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0), m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=0$, sleptons decoupled ATLAS-CONF-2013-093
Long-lived particles	Direct $\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-$ prod., long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 270 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)-m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=160 \text{ MeV}, \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm)=0.2 \text{ ns}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-069
	Stable, stopped \tilde{g} R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	22.9	\tilde{g} 832 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=100 \text{ GeV}, 10 \mu\text{s} < \tau(\tilde{g}) < 1000 \text{ s}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-057
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\tau}(\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}) + \tau(e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	-	15.9	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 475 GeV	$10 < \tan\beta < 50$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-058
	GMSB, $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tilde{G}$, long-lived $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	2 γ	-	Yes	4.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ 230 GeV	$0.4 < \tau(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) < 2 \text{ ns}$ 1304.6310
$q\bar{q}, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow qq\mu$ (RPV)	1 μ , displ. vtx	-	-	20.3	\tilde{q} 1.0 TeV	$1.5 < c\tau < 156 \text{ mm}, \text{BR}(\mu)=1, m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)=108 \text{ GeV}$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-092	
RPV	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e + \mu$	2 e, μ	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.61 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.10, \lambda'_{132}=0.05$ 1212.1272
	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_\tau + X, \tilde{\nu}_\tau \rightarrow e(\mu) + \tau$	1 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	-	4.6	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$ 1.1 TeV	$\lambda'_{311}=0.10, \lambda'_{1(2),33}=0.05$ 1212.1272
	Bilinear RPV CMSSM	1 e, μ	7 jets	Yes	4.7	\tilde{q}, \tilde{g} 1.2 TeV	$m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{LSP}<1 \text{ mm}$ ATLAS-CONF-2012-140
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow ee\nu, e\mu\nu, e\tau\nu$	4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 760 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>300 \text{ GeV}, \lambda_{121}>0$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-036
	$\tilde{\chi}_1^+\tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tau\nu, e\tau\nu$	3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.7	$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ 350 GeV	$m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0)>80 \text{ GeV}, \lambda_{133}>0$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-036
	$\tilde{g} \rightarrow qqg$	0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g} 916 GeV	$\text{BR}(\eta)=\text{BR}(b)=\text{BR}(c)=0\%$ ATLAS-CONF-2013-091
$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.7	\tilde{g} 880 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-007	
Other	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon $\rightarrow q\bar{q}$	0	4 jets	-	4.6	sgluon 100-287 GeV	incl. limit from 1110.2693 1210.4826
	Scalar gluon pair, sgluon $\rightarrow t\bar{t}$	2 e, μ (SS)	2 b	Yes	14.3	sgluon 350-800 GeV	ATLAS-CONF-2013-051
	WIMP interaction (D5, Dirac χ)	0	mono-jet	Yes	10.5	M^* scale 704 GeV	$m(\chi)<80 \text{ GeV}$, limit of $<687 \text{ GeV}$ for D8 ATLAS-CONF-2012-147

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.

SUSY @ LHC

MSSM: $m_H^2 \approx m_Z^2 + \text{loop corrections}$ $m_{\tilde{t}} \approx 400 \text{ GeV}$, $m_{\tilde{g}} \approx 800 \text{ GeV}$, $m_{\tilde{W}} \approx 1 \text{ TeV}$

size of tree level!

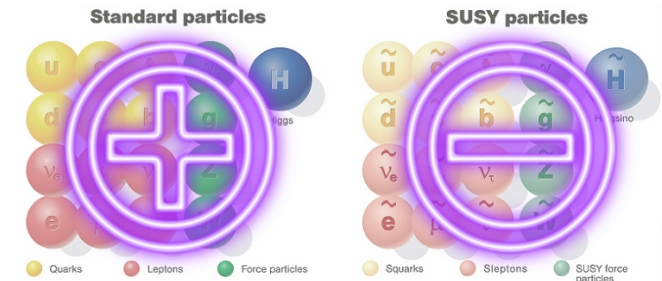
No panic!
 still large amount of data to
 analyze
 &
 second round of LHC
 &
 other models to explore
 (RPV, non-minimal models...)



Why RPV?

R-Parity: $(-1)^R$, $R = 2S + 3B + L$

- Proton decay @ dim 5
- Neutral stable fermion \rightarrow cold DM candidate χ^0



NOT NECESSARY FOR NATURALNESS!

R-Parity violation:

$\chi^0 \rightarrow$ SM particles **NO need for MET @ LHC searches!**

RPV searches: distinctive final states with many particle states

high jet or lepton activity

Why RPV?

New RPV terms in the superpotential:

$$W = \underbrace{-\mu \hat{L}_I \hat{H}_U + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{IJm} \hat{L}_I \hat{L}_J \hat{E}_m + \lambda'_{Inm} \hat{L}_I \hat{Q}_n \hat{D}_m}_{\text{L-number violation}} + \frac{1}{2} \lambda''_{lmn} \hat{D}_l \hat{D}_m \hat{Q}_n$$

~~B-number violation~~

Plus soft SUSY breaking

Lots of new parameters! general predictions become difficult

Generally allows for proton decay! ONLY lepton RPV or
ONLY baryon RPV

Other constrains from constrains from:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} - n - \bar{n} \\ - \mu \rightarrow e \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{Small RPV parameters}$$

Leptonic RPV \longrightarrow majorana neutrino masses arise naturally! $\Delta L = 2$

Why neutrinos?

Neutrinos' small masses

are a **BIG** enigma

Cowen, Reines '56

- Sun neutrinos reaching the Earth

$$7 \times 10^9 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

- Contribute to the total energy of the universe as much as all the stars combined

Neutrino masses **not** within SM

Neutrinos oscillate:

Flavor basis \neq mass basis

Majorana neutrinos:

$$\bar{\nu} \equiv \nu$$

- dim 5 op in SM \rightarrow probe for GUT scales

- leptogenesis...

- detection double β -decays

yet to be achieved

Why neutrinos?

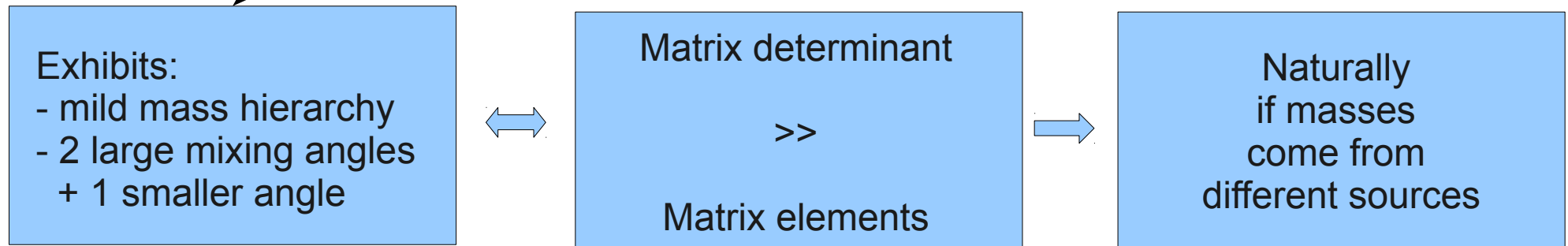
Neutrino experimental data:

$$\Delta m_{32}^2 = (2.32_{-0.08}^{+0.12}) \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2, \quad \Delta m_{21}^2 = (7.5 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2,$$

$$\sin^2(2\theta_{32}) > 0.95, \quad \sin^2(2\theta_{12}) = 0.857 \pm 0.024, \quad \sin^2(2\theta_{13}) = 0.095 \pm 0.010$$

From: solar, detector & atmospheric neutrino experiments

Opposite to flavor mixing in quarks!



Extra Higgs doublets

Breaking the spectrum:

- more possibilities for s-partners mass spectrum → detection @ LHC
- rise Higgs mass without fine tuning → Sister Higgs

D. Alves '12

General Issues:

- FCNC arise

~~$$\lambda'_{Inm} \hat{L}_I^i \hat{Q}_n^j \hat{D}_m$$~~

- New RPV term

$$\frac{\tilde{\lambda}_m}{2} \epsilon_{ij} \left(\hat{H}_{D_1}^i \hat{H}_{D_2}^j - \hat{H}_{D_2}^i \hat{H}_{D_1}^j \right) \hat{E}_m$$

Neutrinos in RPV SUSY

Higgs down has the same quantum numbers as leptons \Rightarrow Indistinguishable!

MSSM: $\hat{L}_\mu = (\hat{H}_D, \hat{L}_1, \hat{L}_2, \hat{L}_3)$

RPV terms:

$$W = \epsilon_{ij} \left[-\mu_\alpha \hat{L}_\alpha^i \hat{H}_U^j + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{\alpha\beta m} \hat{L}_\alpha^i \hat{L}_\beta^j \hat{E}_m + \lambda'_{\alpha n m} \hat{L}_\alpha^i \hat{Q}_n^j \hat{D}_m \right]$$

$$V_{\text{soft}} = (M_{\tilde{L}}^2)_{\alpha\beta} \tilde{L}_\alpha^{i*} \tilde{L}_\beta^i - \left(\epsilon_{ij} B_\alpha \tilde{L}_\alpha^i H_U^j + \text{h.c.} \right) + \epsilon_{ij} \left[\frac{1}{2} A_{\alpha\beta m} \tilde{L}_\alpha^i \tilde{L}_\beta^j \tilde{E}_m + A'_{\alpha n m} \tilde{L}_\alpha^i \tilde{Q}_n^j \tilde{D}_m + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

EWSB characterized by:

$$v_u, \quad v_d = \left(\sum v_\alpha^2 \right)^{1/2}, \quad \mu = \left(\sum \mu_\alpha^2 \right)^{1/2}$$

$$v \equiv \left(|v_u|^2 + |v_d|^2 \right)^{1/2} = \frac{2m_W}{g} = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

Neutrinos in RPV SUSY

Higgs down has the same quantum numbers as leptons \rightarrow Indistinguishable!

SUSY with extra pair of Higgses:

$$\hat{L}_I = (\hat{H}_{D_1}, \hat{H}_{D_2}, \hat{L}_1, \hat{L}_2, \hat{L}_3)$$

RPV terms:

$$W = \epsilon_{ij} \left[-\mu_{1I} \hat{L}_I^i \hat{H}_{U_1}^j - \mu_{2I} \hat{L}_I^i \hat{H}_{U_2}^j + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{IJm} \hat{L}_I^i \hat{L}_J^j \hat{E}_m + \lambda'_{Inm} \hat{L}_I^i \hat{Q}_n^j \hat{D}_m \right]$$

$$V_{\text{soft}} = (M_{\tilde{L}}^2)_{IJ} \tilde{L}_I^{i*} \tilde{L}_J^i - \left(\epsilon_{ij} B_{1I} \tilde{L}_I^i H_{U_1}^j + \text{h.c.} \right) - \left(\epsilon_{ij} B_{2I} \tilde{L}_I^i H_{U_2}^j + \text{h.c.} \right) \\ + \epsilon_{ij} \left[\frac{1}{2} A_{IJm} \tilde{L}_I^i \tilde{L}_J^j \tilde{E}_m + A'_{Inm} \tilde{L}_I^i \tilde{Q}_n^j \tilde{D}_m + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

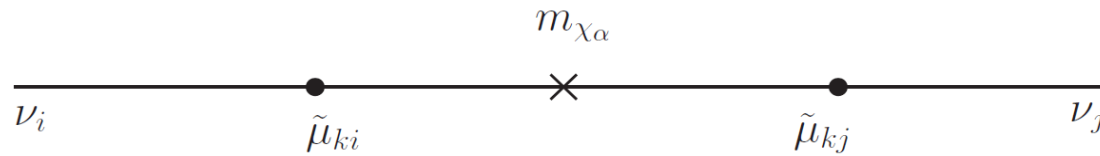
EWSB characterized by:

$$v_u = (v_{u_1}^2 + v_{u_2}^2)^{1/2}, \quad v_d = \left(\sum v_I^2 \right)^{1/2}, \quad \mu_1 = \left(\sum \mu_{1I}^2 \right)^{1/2}, \quad \mu_2 = \left(\sum \mu_{2I}^2 \right)^{1/2}$$

$$v \equiv \left(|v_u|^2 + |v_d|^2 \right)^{1/2} = \frac{2m_W}{g} = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

TL Neutrino mixing matrix

Neutrino – neutralino mixing



MSSM:

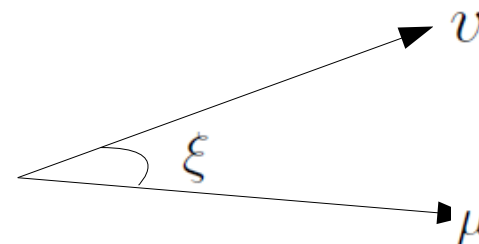
Mixing matrix

$$M^N = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & 0 & m_Z s_W \hat{v}_u & -m_Z s_W \hat{v}_\alpha \\ 0 & M_2 & -m_Z c_W \hat{v}_u & m_Z c_W \hat{v}_\alpha \\ m_Z s_W \hat{v}_u & -m_Z c_W \hat{v}_u & 0 & \mu_\alpha \\ -m_Z s_W \hat{v}_\alpha^T & m_Z c_W \hat{v}_\alpha^T & \mu_\alpha^T & 0_{3 \times 3} \end{pmatrix}$$

Basis: $\{\tilde{B}, \tilde{W}^3, \tilde{H}_U, \nu_\alpha\}$

Product of non-zero eigenvalues

$$\det' M^N = \mu^2 v_d^2 \sin^2 \xi$$



4D-vectors

$$\xi^2 \lesssim \frac{m_3}{\tilde{m}}$$

small RPV

TL Neutrino masses

Diagonalize M to obtain the neutrino mass matrix:

Seesaw mechanism

light neutrinos



heavy neutralinos

MSSM:

$$M^N = \begin{pmatrix} M_{4 \times 4} & \mu_{4 \times 3} \\ \mu_{3 \times 4}^T & 0_{3 \times 3} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow UM^N U^+ = \begin{pmatrix} M'_{4 \times 4} & 0_{4 \times 3} \\ 0_{3 \times 4} & m_\nu_{3 \times 3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m_\nu_{3 \times 3} = \mu^T M^{-1} \mu$$

$$(m_\nu)_{ij} = X \mu_i \mu_j$$

↑

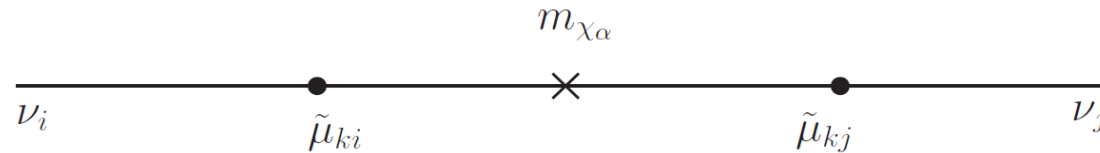
rank 1 matrix

$$X \equiv \frac{m_{\tilde{\gamma}} m_Z^2 \cos^2 \beta}{\mu(m_Z^2 m_{\tilde{\gamma}} \sin 2\beta - M_1 M_2 \mu)} \sim \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\tilde{m}}$$

$$m_3 = X \tilde{\mu}^2, \quad m_1 = m_2 = 0$$

TL Neutrinos mixing matrix

Neutrino – neutralino mixing



SUSY with extra pair of Higgses:

Mixing matrix

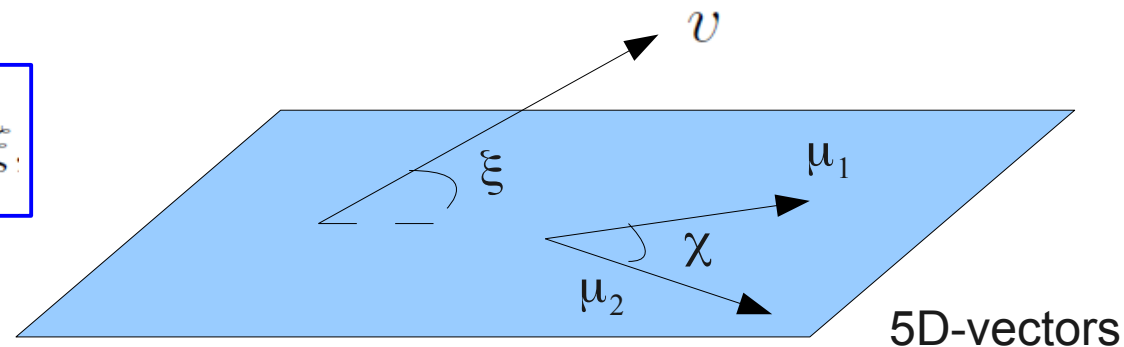
Basis: $\{\tilde{B}, \tilde{W}^3, \tilde{H}_{U_1}, \tilde{H}_{U_2}, \nu_I\}$

$$M^N = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 & 0 & m_{ZSW}\hat{v}_{u_1} & m_{ZSW}\hat{v}_{u_2} & -m_{ZSW}\hat{v}_I \\ 0 & M_2 & -m_{ZCW}\hat{v}_{u_1} & -m_{ZCW}\hat{v}_{u_2} & m_{ZCW}\hat{v}_I \\ m_{ZSW}\hat{v}_{u_1} & -m_{ZCW}\hat{v}_{u_1} & 0 & 0 & \mu_{1I} \\ m_{ZSW}\hat{v}_{u_2} & -m_{ZCW}\hat{v}_{u_2} & 0 & 0 & \mu_{2I} \\ -m_{ZSW}\hat{v}_I^T & m_{ZCW}\hat{v}_I^T & \mu_{1I}^T & \mu_{2I}^T & 0_{5 \times 5} \end{pmatrix}$$

Product of non-zero eigenvalues

$$\det' M^N = 2 \frac{m_Z^2 m_{\tilde{\gamma}}}{v^2} v_d^2 \mu_1^2 \mu_2^2 \sin^2 \chi \sin^2 \xi$$

$$\xi^2 \lesssim \frac{m_3}{\tilde{m}}$$



5D-vectors

TL Neutrino masses

Diagonalize M to obtain the neutrino mass matrix:

Seesaw mechanism

SUSY with extra pair of Higgses:

heavy neutralinos

light neutrinos



$$M^N = \begin{pmatrix} M_{6 \times 6} & \mu_{6 \times 3} \\ \mu_{3 \times 6}^T & 0_{3 \times 3} \end{pmatrix} \implies U M^N U^+ = \begin{pmatrix} M'_{6 \times 6} & 0_{6 \times 3} \\ 0_{3 \times 6} & m_\nu 3 \times 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$m_\nu 3 \times 3 = \mu^T M^{-1} \mu$

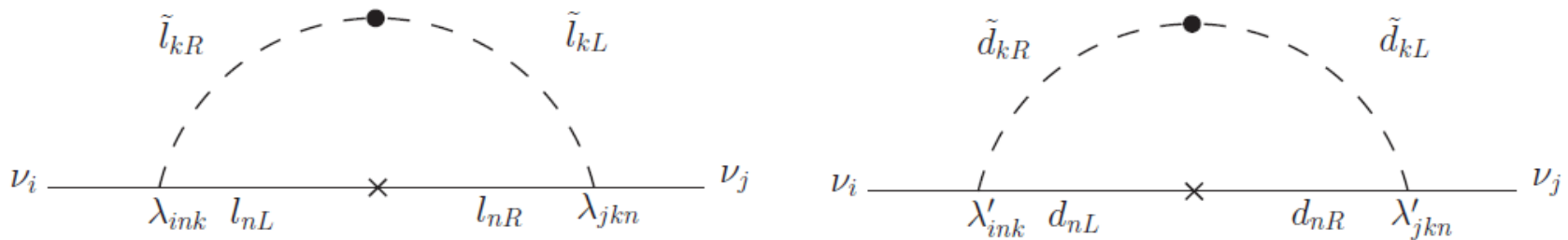
$$(m_\nu)_{ij} = \frac{X}{\Delta\mu^2} [\mu_{1i} \tilde{\mu}_2 - \mu_{2i} \tilde{\mu}_1] [\mu_{1j} \tilde{\mu}_2 - \mu_{2j} \tilde{\mu}_1]$$

$$X \equiv \frac{m_{\tilde{\gamma}} m_Z^2 \cos^2 \beta}{M_1 M_2 \Delta\mu^2 + m_{\tilde{\gamma}} m_Z^2 \sin(2\beta) (\tilde{\mu}_1 \sin \beta_2 - \tilde{\mu}_2 \cos \beta_2)} \sim \frac{\cos^2 \beta}{\tilde{m}}$$

rank 1 matrix

$m_3 = \frac{X}{\Delta\mu^2} \mu_1^2 \mu_2^2 \sin^2 \chi \sin^2 \xi, \quad m_1 = m_2 = 0$

Loop contributions: $\lambda\lambda$ loops



MSSM:

$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{(\lambda'\lambda')} \approx \sum_{l,k} \frac{3}{8\pi^2} \lambda'_{ilk} \lambda'_{jkl} \frac{m_{d_l} \Delta m_{\tilde{d}_k}^2}{m_{\tilde{d}_k}^2} \sim \sum_{l,k} \frac{3}{8\pi^2} \lambda'_{ilk} \lambda'_{jkl} \frac{m_{d_l} m_{d_k}}{\tilde{m}}$$

Grossman, Rakshit '04

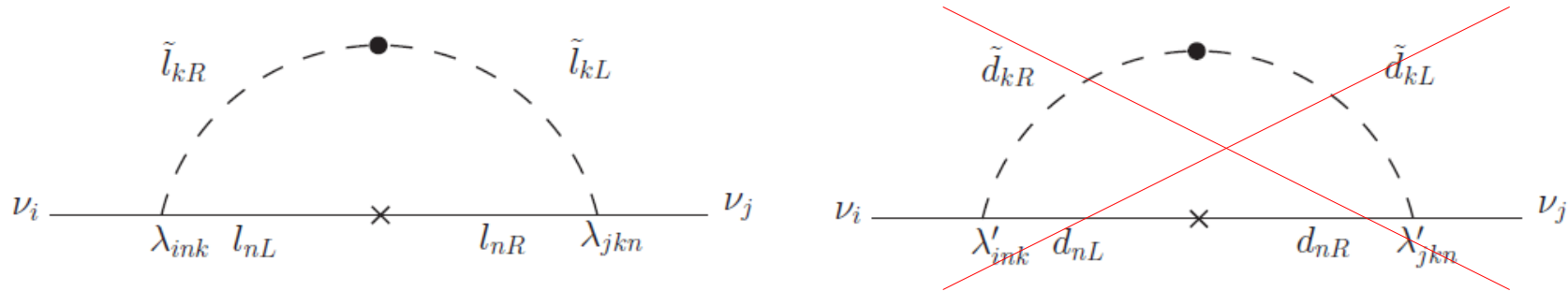
neglecting quark/lepton mixings

Suppression factors:

2RPV COUPLINGS+LOOP FACTOR+2 QUARK MASSES

Irrelevant in most cases

Loop contributions: $\lambda\lambda$ loops



SUSY with extra pair of Higgses:

$$\delta m_{\nu ij}^{\lambda\lambda} \approx \frac{1}{8\pi^2} \sum_{n,k} \lambda_{ink} \lambda_{jkn} \frac{m_{l_n} \Delta m_{\tilde{l}_k}^2}{m_{\tilde{l}_k}^2}$$

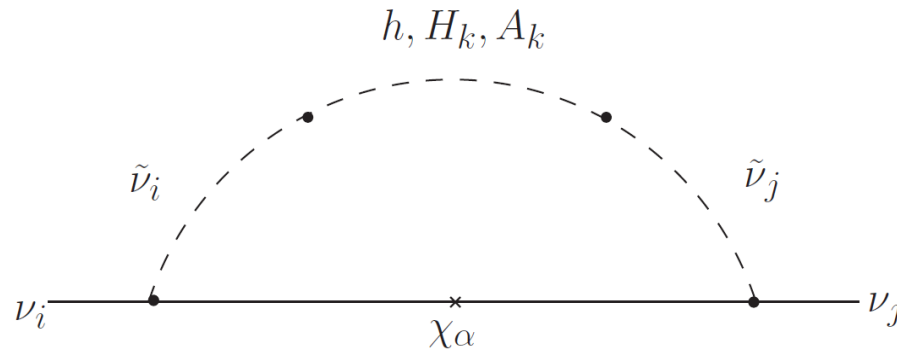
neglecting quark/lepton mixings

Suppression factors:

2RPV COUPLINGS+LOOP FACTOR+2 LEPTON MASSES

Irrelevant in most cases

Loop contributions: BB loops



MSSM:

$$\begin{aligned}
 [m_\nu]_{ij}^{(BB)} = & \sum_{\alpha, i, j} \frac{g^2 B_i B_j}{4 \cos^2 \beta} (Z_{\alpha 2} - Z_{\alpha 1} g' / g)^2 m_{\chi_\alpha} \left\{ I_4(m_h, m_{\tilde{\nu}_i}, m_{\tilde{\nu}_j}, m_{\chi_\alpha}) \cos^2(\alpha - \beta) \right. \\
 & \left. + I_4(m_H, m_{\tilde{\nu}_i}, m_{\tilde{\nu}_j}, m_{\chi_\alpha}) \sin^2(\alpha - \beta) - I_4(m_A, m_{\tilde{\nu}_i}, m_{\tilde{\nu}_j}, m_{\chi_\alpha}) \right\},
 \end{aligned}$$

Suppression factors:

Grossman, Rakshit '04

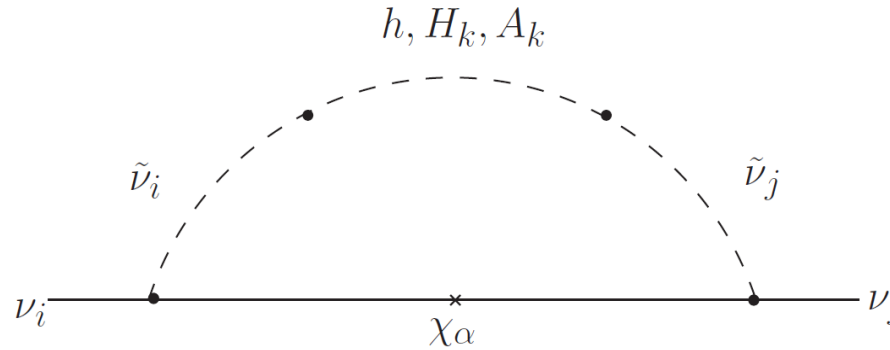
2RPV COUPLINGS+LOOP FACTOR+CANCELLATIONS

$$\cos^2(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{m_h^2 (m_Z^2 - m_h^2)}{m_A^2 (m_H^2 - m_h^2)}$$

$$m_Z^2 - m_h^2 = m_H^2 - m_A^2$$

Loop contributions: BB loops

SUSY with extra pair of Higgses:



$$\delta m_{\nu_{ij}}^{BB} = \sum_{\alpha} \frac{g^2}{4} \left(Z_N^{0\alpha} - \frac{g'}{g} Z_N^{1\alpha} \right)^2 \left[\tilde{B}_{ih} \tilde{B}_{jh} I_4(m_h, m_{\tilde{\nu}_i}, m_{\tilde{\nu}_j}, m_{\chi_\alpha}) \right. \\ \left. + \sum_k \tilde{B}_{iH_k} \tilde{B}_{jH_k} I_4(m_{H_k}, m_{\tilde{\nu}_i}, m_{\tilde{\nu}_j}, m_{\chi_\alpha}) + \sum_k \tilde{B}_{iA_k} \tilde{B}_{jA_k} I_4(m_{A_k}, m_{\tilde{\nu}_i}, m_{\tilde{\nu}_j}, m_{\chi_\alpha}) \right]$$

Enlarged Higgs-like spectrum:

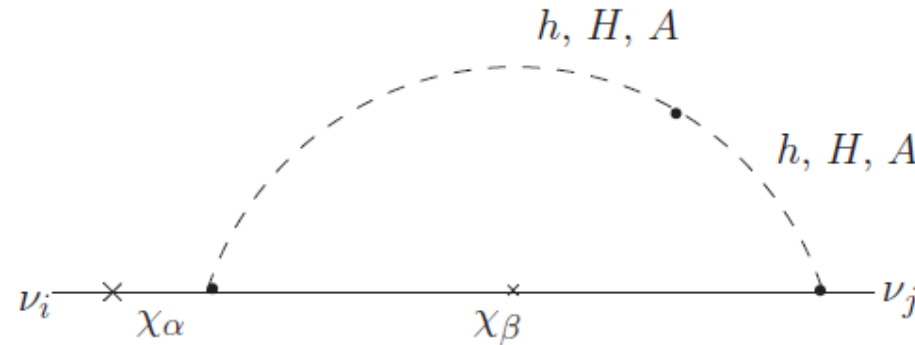
$$\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \tilde{B}_{i\{h,H_j,A_j\}} \equiv \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \left[B_{1i} \{ Z_R^{00}, Z_R^{0j}, i Z_H^{0j} \} + B_{2i} \{ Z_R^{10}, Z_R^{1j}, i Z_H^{1j} \} \right. \\ \left. + (M_{\tilde{L}}^2)_{0(1+i)} \{ Z_R^{20}, Z_R^{2j}, i Z_H^{2j} \} + (M_{\tilde{L}}^2)_{1(1+i)} \{ Z_R^{30}, Z_R^{3j}, i Z_H^{3j} \} \right]$$

larger number
of diagrams!

Suppression factors:

2RPV COUPLINGS+LOOP FACTOR+CANCELLATIONS

Loop contributions: μB loops



MSSM:

$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{(\mu B)} \sim \frac{g^2}{64\pi^2 \cos \beta} \frac{\mu_i B_j + \mu_j B_i}{\tilde{m}^2} \quad (\text{approximate expression})$$

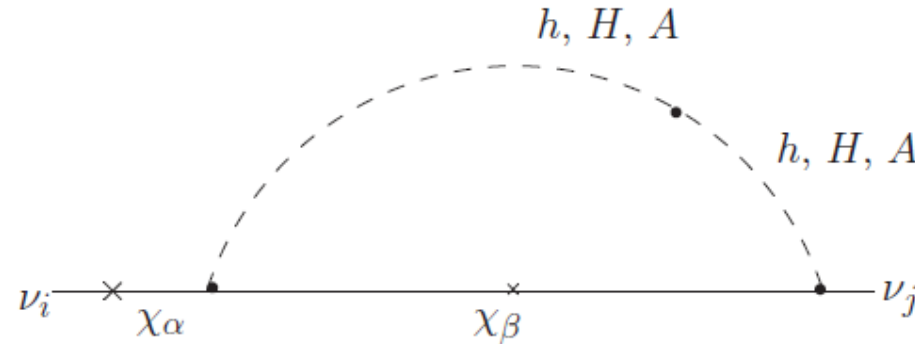
- subleading in μ with respect to the tree level
(if tree level is dominant)

$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{(\mu\mu)} = C \mu_i \mu_j \begin{cases} \nearrow [m_\nu]_{ij}^{(V\mu)} = C \varepsilon_L (\mu_i V_j + \mu_j V_i) \longrightarrow \frac{m_1}{m_2} \sim O(\varepsilon_L^2) \\ \searrow [m_\nu]_{ij}^{(VU)} = C_{ij}^{VU} \varepsilon_L (V_i U_j + V_j U_i) \longrightarrow \frac{m_1}{m_2} \sim O(\varepsilon_L) \end{cases}$$

Suppression factors:

2RPV COUPLINGS+LOOP FACTOR+CANCELLATIONS

Loop contributions: μB loops



SUSY with extra pair of Higgses:

$$\delta m_{\nu_{ij}}^{\mu B} \sim \sum_{\alpha, \beta} \frac{g^2}{16\pi^2} \left(\tilde{\mu}_{i\alpha} \tilde{B}_{jh} + \sum_k \tilde{\mu}_{i\alpha} \tilde{B}_{jH_k} + \sum_k \tilde{\mu}_{i\alpha} \tilde{B}_{jA_k} + \tilde{\mu}_{j\alpha} \tilde{B}_{ih} + \sum_k \tilde{\mu}_{j\alpha} \tilde{B}_{iH_k} + \sum_k \tilde{\mu}_{j\alpha} \tilde{B}_{iA_k} \right)$$

- subleading in μ with respect to the tree level
(if tree level is dominant)

Suppression factors:

2RPV COUPLINGS+LOOP FACTOR+CANCELLATIONS

Contributions from new term

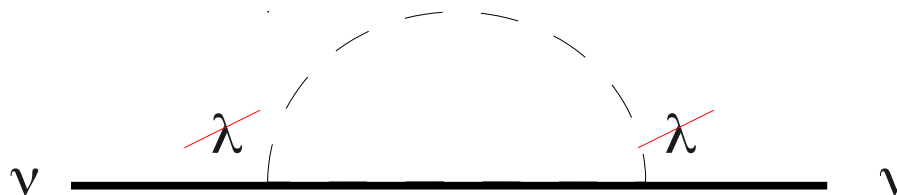
$$\frac{\tilde{\lambda}_m}{2} \epsilon_{ij} \left(\hat{H}_{D_1}^i \hat{H}_{D_2}^j - \hat{H}_{D_2}^i \hat{H}_{D_1}^j \right) \hat{E}_m$$

less constrained than usual RPV couplings

NO ONE LOOP EFFECTS

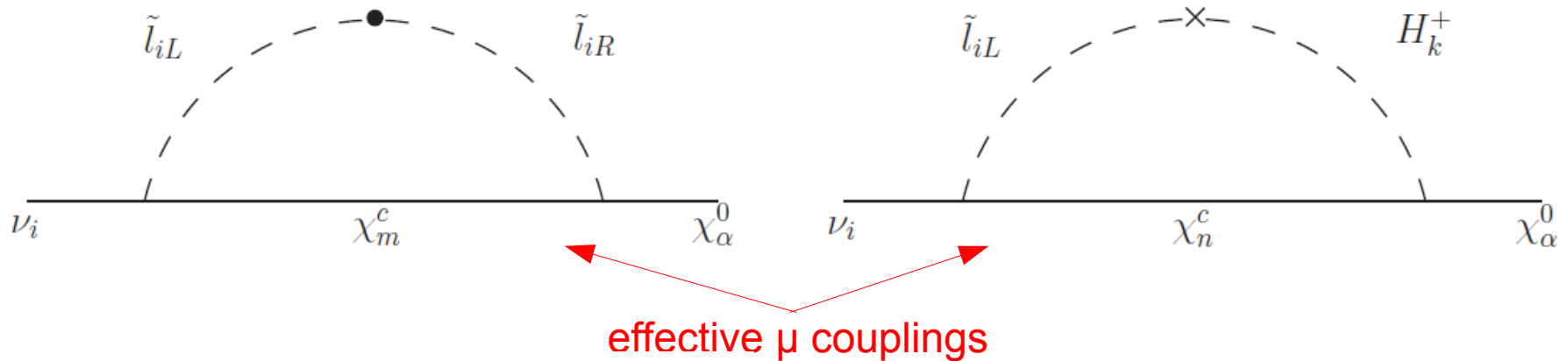
No neutrinos involved in the vertex
RPV in charged sector

Topological argument:



Contributions from new term

SEPARABLE TWO LOOP DIAGRAMS



$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{S, \tilde{\lambda}\tilde{\lambda}} = \sum_\alpha \frac{\mu_{i\alpha}^{\tilde{\lambda}} \mu_{j\alpha}^{\tilde{\lambda}}}{m_{\chi_\alpha^0}} \approx \frac{27}{32\pi^4} g^2 \tilde{\lambda}_i \tilde{\lambda}_j \frac{m_{l_i} m_{l_j}}{\tilde{m}}$$

$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{S, \tilde{\lambda}\tilde{B}} = \sum_\alpha \frac{\mu_{i\alpha}^{\tilde{\lambda}} \mu_{j\alpha}^{\tilde{B}} + \mu_{i\alpha}^{\tilde{B}} \mu_{j\alpha}^{\tilde{\lambda}}}{m_{\chi_\alpha^0}} \approx \sum_k \frac{27}{128\pi^4} g^3 \frac{\tilde{\lambda}_i \tilde{B}_{jk} m_{l_i} + \tilde{\lambda}_j \tilde{B}_{ik} m_{l_j}}{\tilde{m}^2}$$

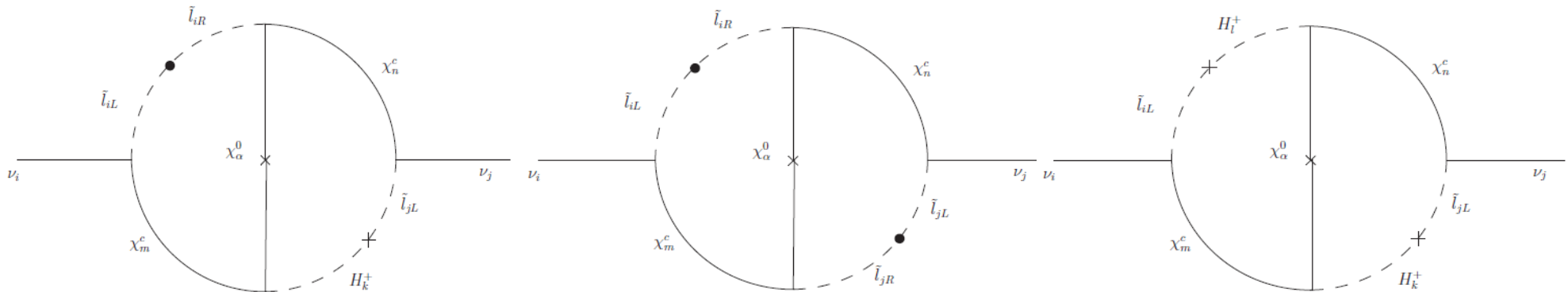
$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{S, \tilde{B}\tilde{B}} = \sum_\alpha \frac{\mu_{i\alpha}^{\tilde{B}} \mu_{j\alpha}^{\tilde{B}}}{m_{\chi_\alpha^0}} \approx \sum_{k,k'} \frac{27}{512\pi^4} g^4 \frac{\tilde{B}_{ik} \tilde{B}_{jk'}}{\tilde{m}^3}$$

Suppression factors:

2RPV COUPLINGS+2LOOP FACTOR+	2 lepton Yukawas
	1 lepton Yukawa
	0 lepton Yukawa

Contributions from new term

NON-SEPARABLE TWO LOOP DIAGRAMS



Complicated loop functions involving fermionic propagators \longrightarrow solved numerically

$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{\text{NS}, \tilde{\lambda}\tilde{\lambda}} \approx \frac{60.48}{256\pi^4} g^2 \tilde{\lambda}_i^* \tilde{\lambda}_j^* \frac{m_{l_i} m_{l_j}}{\tilde{m}}$$

$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{\text{NS}, \tilde{\lambda}\tilde{B}} \approx - \sum_k \frac{15.12}{256\pi^4} g^3 \tilde{\lambda}_i^* \tilde{B}_{jk} \frac{m_{l_i}}{\tilde{m}^2}$$

$$[m_\nu]_{ij}^{\text{NS}, \tilde{B}\tilde{B}} \approx \sum_{k,l} \frac{3.80}{256\pi^4} g^2 \frac{\tilde{B}_{il} \tilde{B}_{jk}}{\tilde{m}^3}$$

Suppression factors:

2RPV COUPLINGS+2LOOP FACTOR+	2 lepton Yukawas
	1 lepton Yukawa
	0 lepton Yukawa

Conclusions: neutrino masses in RPV MSSM

- RPV SUSY models provide an alternative to usual seesaw mechanism
- Naturally generate mild hierarchical masses with large mixing angles
- Need **small** RPV couplings
- One neutrino has a tree level mass, while the other two just from loop effects
- Several suppression factors
relative importance is model dependent

Conclusions: neutrino masses in RPV extra HD

- Adding pairs of Higgs doublets makes a new term HHE, which is forbidden in the MSSM arise in the superpotential
- The extra pairs of Higgs doublets do not change the fact that only **one neutrino gets mass at tree level**
- The new term containing two Higgses starts contributing at **two loops**
- We find that there is a new parameter that controls the suppression, the **lepton Yukawa coupling**

If the couplings are of the same order, it governs the suppression

If λ is the only significant coupling, it always comes with a Yukawa

Furture perspectives

- SUSY needs to be further tested before it can be “ruled out”
need to analyze more data, more processes, more models...
- Neutrino masses are still one of the most interesting enigmas in particle physics
their small masses can constrain the parameters of different models
- The results here exposed can be extended to similar models, and are not only valid when the doublet is just a copy of the MSSM one
for example, they could be relevant in the case of dRPV



THANK YOU!

